

# CITATION AND FORMATTING

## Magazine Articles

Many guidelines for citing journal articles (see 17.2) magazine articles.

In most cases, cite weekly or monthly magazines by the number they are numbered by volume and issue. Do not use parentheses. If you cite a specific passage in an article, But you may omit the article's initials.



# Introduction

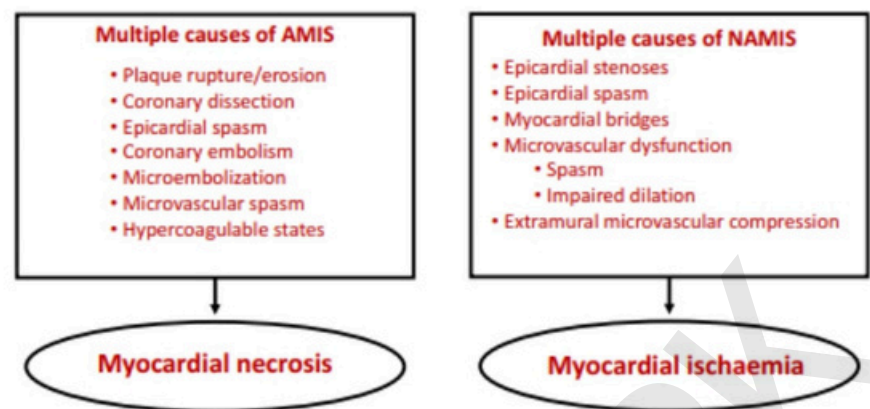
In academic and professional writing, accurate citations and the use of consistent formatting are important measures of **credibility, consistency, and scholarly integrity**.

- Citation and formatting services provide significant support to researchers, students, and authors by making sure manuscripts are consistent with style guides (e.g., **APA, MLA, Chicago, Harvard, AMA, and Vancouver**).
- It helps to avoid plagiarism by giving proper credit to sources, but also provides a good appearance or consistency, and readability to the manuscript and its content.
- With changing publication standards and institution-specific formatting requirements, citation and formatting services are essential pieces that contribute to **producing high-quality academic work**.

## American Psychological Association (APA), 7<sup>th</sup> edition

In-text reference style	References
Effective management of risk factors such as hypertension and dyslipidemia has reduced morbidity and mortality due to atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease (Martin et al., 2024 & Timmis et al., 2022).	<p>Martin, S. S., Aday, A. W., Almarzooq, Z. I., Anderson, C. A. M., Arora, P., Avery, C. L., Baker-Smith, C. M., Barone Gibbs, B., Beaton, A. Z., Boehme, A. K., Commodore-Mensah, Y., Currie, M. E., Elkind, M. S. V., Evenson, K. R., Generoso, G., Heard, D. G., Hiremath, S., Johansen, M. C., Kalani, R., ... American Heart Association Council on Epidemiology and Prevention Statistics Committee and Stroke Statistics Subcommittee. (2024). Heart Disease and stroke statistics: A report of US and global data from the American Heart Association. <i>Circulation</i>, 149(8), e347–e913.</p> <p>Timmis, A., Vardas, P., Townsend, N., Torbica, A., Katus, H., De Smedt, D., Gale, C. P., Maggioni, A. P., Petersen, S. E., Huculeci, R., Kazakiewicz, D., Rubio, V. de B., Ignatiuk, B., Raisi-Estabragh, Z., Pawlak, A., Karagiannis, E., Treskes, R., Gaita, D., Beltrame, J. F., Achenbach, S. (2022). European Society of Cardiology: cardiovascular disease statistics 2021: Executive Summary. <i>European Heart Journal. Quality of Care &amp; Clinical Outcomes</i>, 8(4), 377–382.</p>

Multiple causes of acute and non-acute myocardial ischaemic syndromes (AMIS and NAMIS)



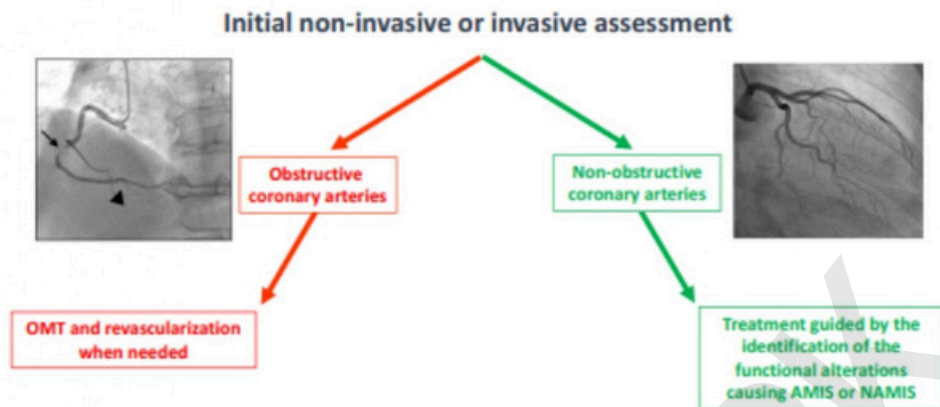
**Figure 1:** Multiple causes of acute and non-acute myocardial ischemic syndromes (AMIS and NAMIS): a non-exhaustive list. AMIS, acute myocardial ischemic syndromes; NAMIS, non-acute myocardial ischemic syndromes. Adapted from “Myocardial Ischemic Syndromes: A New Nomenclature to Harmonize Evolving International Clinical Practice Guidelines” by Boden, W. E., De Caterina, R., Kaski, J. C., Bairey Merz, N., Berry, C., Marzilli, M., Pepine, C. J., Barbato, E., Stefanini, G., Prescott, E., Steg, P. G., Bhatt, D. L., Hill, J. A., & Crea, F. (2024). *European Heart Journal*, 45(36), p. 3704.

American Medical Association (AMA), 11<sup>th</sup> edition

In-text reference style	References
Hypertension is an established risk factor for the development of CHD. Up to 90% of patients with heart failure suffer from hypertension (1).	Spieker LE, Hürlimann D, Ruschitzka F, et al. Mental stress induces prolonged endothelial dysfunction via endothelin-A receptors. <i>Circulation</i> . 2002;105(24):2817-2820. doi:10.1161/01.cir.0000021598.15895.34
Elevated serum levels above the reference range of 200 ng/mL are seen in >20% of the general population, and epidemiologic, mendelian randomization, and genome-wide association evidence all support a causative role (1,2).	<p>Reyes-Soffer G, Ginsberg HN, Berglund L, et al. Lipoprotein(a): A genetically determined, causal, and prevalent risk factor for atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease: A scientific statement from the American heart association. <i>Arterioscler Thromb Vasc Biol</i>. 2022;42(1):e48-e60. doi:10.1161/ATV.0000000000000147</p> <p>Malick WA, Goonewardena SN, Koenig W, Rosenson RS. Clinical trial design for Lipoprotein(a)-lowering therapies: JACC focus seminar 2/3. <i>J Am Coll Cardiol</i>. 2023;81(16):1633-1645. doi:10.1016/j.jacc.2023.02.033</p>



**Acute and non-acute myocardial ischaemic syndromes (AMIS and NAMIS) can occur in the presence or in the absence of obstructive coronary arteries**



**Figure 2:** Clinical assessment of myocardial ischemia and coronary artery disease in a population of patients with chest pain. OMT, optimal medical therapy. Adapted from Boden WE, Marzilli M, Crea F, et al. Evolving management paradigm for stable ischemic heart disease patients: JACC review topic of the week. *J Am Coll Cardiol.* 2023;81(5):505-514.

**Harvard**

In-text reference style	References
Out of the total cohort of 609 patients, 177 patients had chronic kidney disease, liver disease, and both. Those 177 patients were excluded from a subgroup analysis of only patients with no kidney or liver disease (Harb et al., 2024, p. 03).	Harb, T. et al. (2024) "Intra-individual variability in lipoprotein(a): the value of a repeat measure for reclassifying individuals at intermediate risk," <i>European heart journal open</i> , 4(5), p. oeae064.
A nomenclature that emphasizes the large number of mechanisms that can cause ischemia may serve as a useful reminder to practicing physicians that only a holistic assessment can elucidate a large patient population at increased risk of MACE without any obstructive CAD (Boden et al., 2024, p. 3705).	Boden, W.E. et al. (2024) "Myocardial ischemic syndromes: a new nomenclature to harmonize evolving international clinical practice guidelines," <i>European heart journal</i> , 45(36), pp. 3701–3706.

**Vancouver**

In-text reference style	References
Myocardial ischemia occurs when coronary flow is insufficient to allow or maintain cardiac performance at a level that is adequate to support the body at a maximum physiological range of activity (1).	Boden WE, De Caterina R, Kaski JC, Bairey Merz N, Berry C, Marzilli M, et al. Myocardial ischemic syndromes: a new nomenclature to harmonize evolving international clinical practice guidelines. <i>Eur Heart J</i> [Internet]. 2024;45(36):3701–6.
Variability can be defined as absolute change and as relative, percent change from the first to the second value. In the UK Biobank study, variability was defined by a change of at least 25 nmol/L (approximately 10 mg/dL), indicating values that were not stable (1).	Trinder M, Paruchuri K, Haidermota S, Bernardo R, Zekavat SM, Gilliland T, et al. Repeat measures of lipoprotein(a) molar concentration and cardiovascular risk. <i>J Am Coll Cardiol</i> [Internet]. 2022;79(7):617–28.

Chicago

In-text reference style	Reference
The term 'ischemic syndrome' captures the multiple and varying pathogenetic causes of angina and ischemia more inclusively and accurately than the narrower terms 'coronary' and 'disease' (Boden et al., 2024, p. 3704).	Boden, William E., Raffaele De Caterina, Juan Carlos Kaski, Noel Bairey Merz, Colin Berry, Mario Marzilli, Carl J. Pepine, et al. 2024. "Myocardial Ischemic Syndromes: A New Nomenclature to Harmonize Evolving International Clinical Practice Guidelines." <i>European Heart Journal</i> 45 (36): 3701–6.

Modern Language Association (MLA), 8<sup>th</sup> edition

In-text reference style	Reference
The experts at the Polish Cardiac Society and the Polish Lipid Association also noted uncertainty regarding the Lp(a) associated risk for value in the grey zone (Sosnowska et al., 2024).	Sosnowska, Bożena, et al. "Recommendations of the Experts of the Polish Cardiac Society (PCS) and the Polish Lipid Association (PoLA) on the Diagnosis and Management of Elevated Lipoprotein(a) Levels." <i>Archives of Medical Science: AMS</i> , vol. 20, no. 1, 2024, pp. 8–27, doi:10.5114/aoms/183522.

Conclusion

Citation and formatting services form a **run-of-the-mill pillar** in the academic writing process that protects the integrity and professionalism of scholarly writing. Formatting allows the use of an accepted style guide by making sure citations and references are consistent and correct. This contributes to **acceptance, publication, and potential impact of research documents**. As academic work comes to depend on correctness, citation, and formatting, support remains pivotal to helping researchers focus on developing their content while remaining ethical and stylistic.